



Key Vocabulary:	
Discrimination	Discrimination is when someone is treated unfairly or differently because of who they are or what they believe in, like their race, gender, or religion.
Racism	Racism is the belief that some races are better than others, leading to unfair treatment of people based on their race or skin colour.
Homophobia	Homophobia is an unreasonable fear or dislike of people who are attracted to the same sex.
Sexism	Sexism is when someone is treated unfairly because of their gender, often believing that one gender is better than the other.
Trolling	Trolling is deliberately upsetting or provoking others online by sending rude or hurtful messages.
Harassment	Harassment is when someone is repeatedly bothered or made to feel uncomfortable by another person's actions, words, or behaviour.

Sequence of Learning:					
Objectives (key knowledge):					
Lo: To recognise that everyone should be treated equally	LO: To learn why it is important to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people whose beliefs and traditions are different to yours	LO: To learn what discrimination means and the different types of discrimination eg. racism sexism and homophobia	LO: To identify online bullying and discrimination of groups or individuals eg. trolling and harassment	LO: To learn the impact of discrimination on individuals, groups and wider society.	LO: To learn ways to safely challenge or report discrimination.