

National Curriculum subject content:

Design

- ✓ design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria
- ✓ generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology

Make

- ✓ select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]
- ✓ select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

Evaluate

- ✓ explore and evaluate a range of existing products
- ✓ evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria

Technical knowledge

- ✓ build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable

National Curriculum theme:

- ✓ Design
- ✓ Make
- ✓ Evaluate
- ✓ Technical Knowledge (structures)

Design and Technology: Yr2 summer term: materials and structures: Make a Tudor house



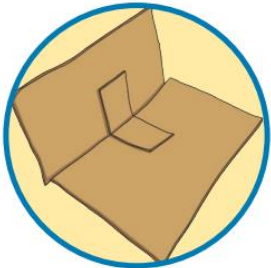

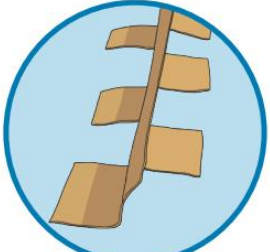
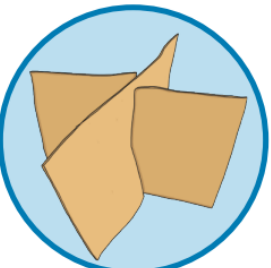
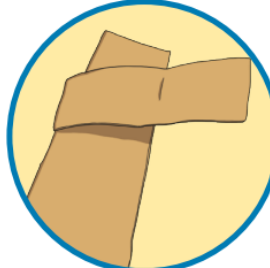

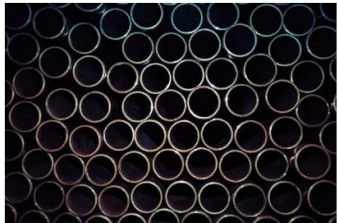

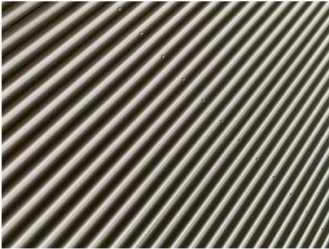
Key Vocabulary:

Structure	A building or other object constructed from several parts.
Strengthen	To make or become stronger.
Stiffen	To support or strengthen a material.
Join	To link or connect things together.
Joint	A point at which parts of an artificial structure are joined.
Materials	The matter from which a thing is or can be made.
Research	The process of retrieving information.
Design	process
Make	Combining materials and techniques to create a product.
Evaluate	To consider the effectiveness of a product.
Sketch	A rough or unfinished drawing or painting.
Design criteria	The specific goals that a project must achieve in order to be successful.
Prototype	A prototype is an early sample, model, or release of a product built to test a concept or process.

**Design and Technology:
Yr2 summer term:
materials and structures:
Make a Tudor house**

Sequence of Learning:						
Objectives (key knowledge):						
Use knowledge of materials and structures to make a Tudor house.						
Lesson 1: Create structures	Lesson 2: Strengthen structures	Lesson 3: Design criteria	Lesson 4: Prototype	Lesson 5: Make	Lesson 6: Make	Lesson 7: Evaluate
<p>To join materials to make a structure.</p>	<p>To learn how to strengthen a structure.</p>	<p>To develop a design criteria and annotated sketch.</p>	<p>To create a prototype considering the materials and techniques I will use.</p>	<p>To make a strong structure for my Tudor house, using appropriate materials and techniques.</p>	<p>To complete my Tudor house, ensuring that it meets the design criteria.</p>	<p>To evaluate my Tudor house against design criteria.</p>
<p>Experiment with creating structures.</p> <p>Biscuit challenge: make the tallest structure to hold the biscuits using tape, paper, card, art straws scissors</p> <p>Evaluate: What went well? What did not?</p>	<p>Discuss and model strengthening techniques: cylindrical tubes, triangles, folding/ corrugating.</p> <p>Test how can we make structures stronger, stiffer and more stable? Challenge: Can paper hold a tin of beans?</p>	<p>Research Tudor houses and identify key features.</p> <p>Develop design criteria.</p> <p>Annotated sketch, focussing on features and appearance of a Tudor house.</p>	<p>Create a prototype. Explore materials, joining techniques, and ways of strengthening.</p> <p>Evaluate prototype. What went well? What will you change?</p>	<p>Make a Tudor house. Use strengthening and joining techniques to make a strong structure.</p>	<p>Decorate. Considering research, appearance.</p>	<p>Evaluate effectiveness. Refer to design criteria.</p>

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Key technical knowledge:						
Joining	 <p>brace</p>	 <p>tape</p>	 <p>tabs</p>	 <p>slot</p>	 <p>fold</p>	 <p>stick</p>
Strengthening	 <p>Tubing</p> <p>When a material is shaped into a square, triangle, u-shape or round tube, the strength of the material is increased. This tubing is often used to support large weights, such as roofs.</p> 		<p>Folding</p> <p>Folding is another way of strengthening a material. Things like corrugated cardboard and corrugated iron are examples of strength from folding.</p> 		<p>Strong shapes</p> <p>Triangles are stronger than squares.</p> 